# RDCS COMPETITION CRITERIA TEST RESULTS SUMMARY FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDED CHANGES

Findings assume test projects maximize score with the maximum possible contribution of funds or construction of off-site improvements.

## A. General Findings

#### 1. Total Points

- Only 1 of 15 projects achieved the minimum score of 160 points (Khanna, large multi-family rental at 162 points)
- Average score: 151 points
- Highest score: 162 points (Khanna, large multi-family rental)
- Lowest score: 131 points (Vo-Apple Tree, micro single-family)

#### 2. Cost Per Unit – Funds Contributed and Value of Improvements

- Average cost per unit, including both funds contributed and the value of off-site improvements: \$67,149
- Highest cost per unit: \$136,970 (San Sebastian, detached SFD)
- Lowest cost per unit: \$43,000 (UHC Monterey, affordable MF)

#### 3. Cost Per Unit – Funds Contributed Only

- Average cost per unit, funds contributed only: \$45,035
- Highest cost per unit: \$104,970 (San Sebastian, detached SFD)
- Lowest cost per unit: \$14,000 (UHC Monterey, affordable MF)

#### 4. Cost Per Unit – Measure C Comparison

- Average cost of funds contributed <u>and</u> the value of improvements per unit for sample of projects last competition: \$31,452. This is \$35,000 less than the average cost of test projects.
- Lowest cost of funds contributed <u>and</u> value of improvements per unit from sample of projects from last competition: \$13,050.
- Lowest cost of funds contributed <u>and</u> value of improvements per unit from sample of projects from last competition: \$51,413.

#### 5. Points for Monetary Contributions and Off-Site Community Improvements

- Average percentage of points awarded for monetary contributions: 28%
- Average percentage of points awarded for off-site community improvements: 32%
- Average percentage of points awarded for monetary contributions <u>and</u> off-site community improvements: 60%

#### 6. Project Type Variation

• Total scores of the Monterey Corridor projects (143 and 144) are below the average score for all projects (151).

- The Downtown project score (154) is slightly above the average score for all projects (151)
- The average score of projects that are not open market (147) is slightly below the average score for all projects (151)
- The average score for single-family attached and multi-family projects (149) is slightly below average score for all projects (151)

# **B. General Recommended Changes**

- **Point Costs.** Decrease the cost per point for funds contributed and off-site improvements. If cost is reduced uniformly from \$1,000 to \$500 per unit, total costs would be similar to historic costs under Measure C. Alternatively, costs could be reduced for certain points and not for others.
- Non-Purchase Points. Increase the points awarded for criteria that do not require contribution of funds or construction of off-site improvements. Points could be increased for location, recreational amenities, environmental protection, and project quality criteria. Increasing points for existing non-purchase criteria will enable more projects to achieve minimum score without increasing costs.
- Non-Purchase Criteria. Add new criteria that allow projects to obtain additional points not requiring contribution of funds or construction of off-site improvements. Objectives with limited non-purchase points are schools, affordable housing, parks and open space, transportation, and municipal services. Adding non-purchase criteria within these objectives will enable more projects to achieve the minimum score without increasing costs.
- Smaller Infill Projects. Modify criteria within the housing diversity, parks and open space, and project quality objectives to increase scoring opportunities for smaller infill projects. This is issue is discussed further in the objective-specific findings and recommendations below.

# C. Objective-Specific Findings and Recommendations

# 1. Schools

# <u>Findings</u>

- High average score (16.8 of 17)
- 13 of 15 projects achieved maximum available points
- Two projects did not achieve maximum points due to distance from schools
- All projects can score high as 15 of 17 points are available for contributing funds and/or construction of improvements

# Recommended Changes

• Add point opportunities that do not require contribution of funds and/or construction of improvements

# 2. Location

# Findings

• Average score of 15 of 22 points

- All projects, regardless of location, received at least 9 of 22 points
- Downtown project achieved maximum available points
- One Monterey corridor project received only an average score (15 of 22 points)

#### **Recommended Changes**

• Increase point for location criteria, particularly for Monterey Corridor

#### 3. Affordable Housing

## **Findings**

- All projects achieved minimum required score (18 of 24 points)
- Average cost of baseline affordable housing fund contribution: \$25,010 per unit (\$1,389 per point).
- Range of baseline affordable housing fund contribution: \$12,455 to \$54,264 per unit
- If project contributes baseline funds (18 points), there is no 6-point construction option to get to 24 points

#### **Recommended Changes**

• Add 6-point construction option to Criteria 3-B

#### 4. Housing Diversity

#### **Findings**

- Relatively low average score (8 of 22 points)
- Attached, multi-family, and micro projects scored particularly low
- Infill and projects close to central core scored particularly low
- Attached and multi-family projects with only one housing type that increase citywide housing diversity scored no points

# **Recommended Changes**

- Add new criteria tailored to smaller infill projects that are not detached single-family
- Revise Criteria 4-D (Small Units) to award points to other housing types (attached, multi-family)
- Increase non-purchase points

# 5. Parks and Open Space

# **Findings**

- Relatively high average score (27 of 30 points)
- All projects able to score at least 21 points due to high points awarded for fund contributions
- Projects receive most points from fund contributions
- Smaller infill projects scored relatively low

# Recommended Changes

- Increase points available for on-site recreational amenities
- Add criteria with additional point opportunities that do not require contribution of funds
- Add criteria that enable smaller infill projects to receive points. Example: proximity to park, enhancement to public park, special common open space amenities (roof garden)

# 6. Environmental Protection

## **Findings**

- Relatively low average score (10 of 22 points)
- Projects could not receive Build It Green points (8 of 22) because green building features awarded points under Criteria 6-A through 6-D cannot be double counted for 6-E.

#### **Recommended Changes**

• Revise Criteria 6-E to address double counting problem

# 7. Transportation

# **Findings**

• All projects received maximum score (15 of 15) for contributing funds or providing off-site improvements

#### **Recommendation**

• Add criteria with additional point opportunities that do not require contribution of funds or providing off-site improvements

#### 8. Municipal Services

#### **Findings**

• All projects received maximum score (15 of 15) for contributing funds or providing off-site improvements

# **Recommendation**

• Add criteria with additional point opportunities that do not require contribution of funds or providing off-site improvements

# 9. Project Quality

# <u>Findings</u>

- Relatively low average score (21 of 33)
- Difficult for small infill projects not building new roads to receive points under Criteria 9-A and 9-B

# **Recommended Changes**

- For Criteria 9-A, award points for small infill projects that enhance connectivity.
- For 9-B, provide opportunities for small infill projects to obtain points

#### **D. Other Developer Comments**

- **1. Schools.** Measure proximity from project entrance point nearest to school.
- 2. Monterey Corridor Boundary. Extend to northern City limits.
- **3.** Adjacent Development. Establish rule for conflicting City General Plan and County zoning when defining "existing development."

- **4. Diversity of Housing Type.** Allow housing types that constitute 10 percent or more to be eligible for points.
- 5. Variation in Housing Size. Allow housing size categories that constitute 10 percent or more to be eligible for points
- 6. Small Units. No developer would build a 1,700 sq. ft. single-family home. Points will go unused.
- **7.** Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements (7-A). Consider points awarded for distance of bike paths, not value of improvement.
- 8. TDM (Criteria 7-E). Award a point for each TDM measure, up to 3 points.
- 9. Gridding Infrastructure. Award points for project gridding to infrastructure.
- **10. Environmental Protection Points.** Award points for these specific environmental protection features:
  - a. EV charging
  - b. PV above guest parking
  - c. Minimized grading.
  - d. Moving trees
- 11. EV Charging. Award points specifically for EV charging stations.
- **12. Design Fees.** Consider including design fees in cost of improvements.
- 13. Design Points. Award points for these specific project design features:
  - a. Variation in front setbacks
  - b. Increased rear yards
  - c. Garage door orientation and design
  - d. Curvilinear streets
  - e. Covered guest parking